Safety Data Sheet

LOCTITE LB 8017 MO FILM AS

SDS No. : 470393
V001.3
Date of issue: 13.08.2021

Section 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

Product name: LOCTITE LB 8017 MO FILM AS

Intended use: Antiseize

Supplier:
Henkel Australia Pty Ltd
135-141 Canterbury Road
Kilsyth, Victoria, 3137
Australia

Phone: +61 (3) 9724 6444

Emergency information: 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER: 1800 032 379

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture
Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia.

GHS Classification:

Hazard Class	Hazard Category	Target organ
Flammable aerosols	Category 1	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2A	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B	
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A	
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure	Category 3	Central nervous system
Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3	
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3	

Hazard pictogram:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s):
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340 May cause genetic defects.
H350 May cause cancer.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response:
P304+P340+P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405 Store locked up.
P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Dangerous Goods information:
Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code).

Section 3. Composition / information on ingredients

General chemical description: Mixture

Identity of ingredients:

Chemical ingredients	CAS-No.	Proportion
acetone	67-64-1	30- < 60 %
Petroleum gases, liquified, sweetened	68476-86-8	10- < 30 %
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	10- < 20 %
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene	64742-95-6	< 10 %
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 10 %
Graphite	7782-42-5	< 10 %
Molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	< 10 %
non hazardous ingredients~		<= 10 %

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical advice.
Skin:	Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash with soap and water. Seek medical advice. Wash clothing before reuse.
Eyes:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical advice.
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. Seek medical advice.
First Aid facilities:	Eye wash Normal washroom facilities
Medical attention and special treatment:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5. Fire fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media:	Foam Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical.
Improper extinguishing media:	Water spray jet
Decomposition products in case of fire:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide. Oxides of nitrogen.
Particular danger in case of fire:	WARNING FLAMMABLE! Contents under pressure. Closed containers may rupture (due to build up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. Do not puncture or incinerate pressurized containers.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapors. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.
Additional fire fighting advice:	In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray. Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions:	See advice in section 8 Do not breathe solvent vapors. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Environmental precautions:	Ventilate area. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not let product enter drains.
Clean-up methods:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid breathing vapors or mists of this product.
Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Keep away from heat, spark and flame.
Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.
Ensure adequate ventilation.

Conditions for safe storage:

Store in sealed original container.
Keep in a cool, well ventilated area away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed until ready for use.
Store below 35°C. (95°F)
Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

National exposure standards:

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	form of exposure	TWA (ppm)	TWA (mg/m3)	Peak Limit. (ppm)	Peak Limit. (mg/m3)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m3)
ACETONE 67-64-1		500	1,185				
ACETONE 67-64-1						1,000	2,375
METHYL ACETATE 79-20-9						250	757
METHYL ACETATE 79-20-9		200	606				
TRIMETHYL BENZENE 95-63-6		25	123				
GRAPHITE (ALL FORMS EXCEPT FIBRES) (RESPIRABLE DUST) (NATURAL & SYNTHETIC) 7782-42-5	Respirable dust.		3				
MOLYBDENUM, INSOLUBLE COMPOUNDS (AS MO) 1317-33-5			10				
Molybdenum, soluble compounds (as Mo) 1317-33-5			5				

Engineering controls:	Ventilate working rooms thoroughly. Avoid naked flames, sparking and sources of ignition. Switch off electrical devices. Do not smoke, do not weld. Do not empty waste into waste water drains.
Eye protection:	Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection:	Chemical resistant, impermeable gloves. Suitable protective gloves. Wear suitable protective clothing. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced. Butyl rubber gloves.
Respiratory protection:	If inhalation risk exists, wear a respirator or air supplied mask complying with the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance:	Black Aerosol, Liquid
Odor:	Solvent
pH:	Not available.
Specific gravity:	1.3
Flash point:	< -17 °C (< 1.4 °F)
Density:	7.89 lb/gal
VOC content: (2010/75/EC)	99 %

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability:	Stable under normal conditions of temperature and pressure.
Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from heat, spark and flame. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperatures above 48.9 °C (120 °F).
Incompatible materials:	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. carbon monoxide carbon dioxide Oxides of nitrogen.
Hazardous polymerization:	Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Health Effects:

Ingestion: Not expected under normal conditions of use.

Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms may include severe irritation, pain, tearing, blurred vision.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to nose and throat.
Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Central nervous system depression, including dizziness, drowsiness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness.
May cause cancer by inhalation.

Acute toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LD50 LC50 LD50	5,800 mg/kg 76 mg/l > 15,688 mg/kg	oral inhalation dermal	4 h	rat rat rabbit	not specified not specified Draize Test
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	LD50 LC50 LD50	6,482 mg/kg > 49.2 mg/l > 2,000 mg/kg	oral inhalation dermal	4 h	rat rabbit rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) not specified OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	LD50 LC50 LD50	> 5,000 mg/kg > 2,000 mg/kg	oral inhalation dermal	4 h	rat rat rabbit	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	LD50 LC50 LD50	6,000 mg/kg 18 mg/l > 3,440 mg/kg	oral inhalation dermal	4 h	rat rat rat	EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral)) not specified not specified
Graphite 7782-42-5	LD50 LC50	> 2,000 mg/kg	oral inhalation	4 h	rat rat	OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity) OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
Molybdenum disulphide 1317-33-5	LD50 LD50	> 5,000 mg/kg > 16,000 mg/kg	oral dermal		rat rat	not specified not specified

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	irritating	4 h	rabbit	EU Method B.4 (Acute Toxicity: Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Graphite 7782-42-5	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Graphite 7782-42-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	not specified
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Graphite 7782-42-5	not sensitising	Mouse local lymphnode assay (LLNA)	mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	negative negative negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without with and without without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test) OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	oral: drinking water		mouse	not specified
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	negative	inhalation		rat	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	negative negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells	with and without with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) OECD Guideline 479 (Genetic Toxicology: In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Assay in Mammalian Cells)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	negative	inhalation		rat	EPA OPPTS 870.5395 (In Vivo Mammalian Cytogenics Tests: Erythrocyte Micronucleus Assay)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	negative negative negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without with and without with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) EU Method B.10 (Mutagenicity) OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	negative	intraperitoneal		mouse	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Graphite 7782-42-5	negative negative negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without with and without with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test) OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)

Repeated dose toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	NOAEL=900 mg/kg	oral: drinking water	13 wdaily	rat	OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9		inhalation: aerosol	28 days/ 6 hours5 days a week	rat	OECD Guideline 412 (Repeated Dose Inhalation Toxicity: 28/14-Day)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	NOAEL=600 mg/kg	oral: gavage	90-91 d5 d/w	rat	OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	NOAEL=1.230 mg/l	inhalation: vapour	3 months6 h/d, 5 d/week	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	NOAEL=1.830 mg/l	inhalation: vapour	12 months6 h/d, 5 d/week	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)
Graphite 7782-42-5	NOAEL=ca. 813 mg/kg	oral: feed	daily	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

Section 12. Ecological information

General ecological information: Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Ecotoxicity: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LC50	8,120 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
acetone 67-64-1	EC50	8,800 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia pulex	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	530 mg/l	Algae	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	DIN 38412-09
acetone 67-64-1	EC10	1,000 mg/l	Bacteria	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27 (Bacterial oxygen consumption test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	LC50	250 - 350 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio)	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	EC50	1,026.7 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	EC50	> 120 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	NOEC	120 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	EC10	1,830 mg/l	Bacteria	16 h	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 8 (Pseudomonas Zellvermehrungshemm-Test)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	LL50	8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Pimephales promelas	EPA-660 (Methods for Acute Toxicity Tests with Fish, Macroinvertebrates and Amphibians)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	EL50	4.5 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	EL50	3.1 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	NOELR	0.5 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	LC50	7.7 mg/l	Fish	192 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	EC50	3.6 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia sp.	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Graphite 7782-42-5	LC50	> 10,000 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio)	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Graphite 7782-42-5	EC50	> 5,600 mg/l	Daphnia	24 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Molybdenum disulphide 1317-33-5	LC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	Fish	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Molybdenum disulphide	EC50	Toxicity > Water	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline

1317-33-5		solubility				202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Molybdenum disulphide 1317-33-5	EC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	Algae	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

Persistence and degradability:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
acetone 67-64-1	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" Biodegradability Closed Bottle Test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	readily biodegradable	aerobic	70 %	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	> 95 %	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	readily biodegradable	aerobic	77 %	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)

Bioaccumulative potential / Mobility in soil:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	LogPow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
acetone 67-64-1	-0.24					OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	0.18					other guideline:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% Benzene 64742-95-6	2.13 - 4.58					QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	3.63					not specified

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of product: Do not puncture or incinerate pressurized containers.

Disposal for uncleaned package: Completely empty pressurized gas containers (including propellant gas). Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

Road and Rail Transport:

Dangerous Goods information: Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code).
UN no.: 1950
Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS
Class or division: 2.1
Packing group:
Emergency information: Refer to the Australian Emergency Response Guide Book

Marine transport IMDG:

UN no.: 1950
Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

Class or division:	2.1
Packing group:	
EmS:	F-D ,S-U
Seawater pollutant:	-

Air transport IATA:

UN no.:	1950
Proper shipping name:	Aerosols, flammable
Class or division:	2.1
Packing group:	
Packing instructions (passenger)	203
Packing instructions (cargo)	203

`Section 15. Regulatory information

SUSMP Poisons Schedule 5

Section 16. Other information

Abbreviations/acronyms:

ADGC - Australian Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods code
IATA-DGR: International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations
STEL - Short term exposure limit
TWA - Time weighted average
AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)
AICIS - Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme

Reason for issue: Reviewed SDS. Reissued with new date. involved chapters: 1 - 16

Date of previous issue: 25.07.2016

Disclaimer:

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